## Treating glucose levels under 4mmol/l : Children & young people with Type 1 diabetes



1

Hypoglycaemia: Glucose below 4mmol/L

2

Give hypoglycaemia treatment

Wait 15-20 minutes and recheck glucose Go to 3a or 3b

**3**a

Glucose still below 4mmol/L

Repeat Step 2 until glucose above 4mmol/L. Go to 3b

**3b** 

Glucose above 4mmol/L

Check glucose **20-30 minutes later** to ensure level of over 4mmol/L is maintained

## Advised amount of hypoglycaemia treatment (dextrose/glucose) required (0.3g/kg)

Ī	Fast acting glucose	Carbohydrate (g)	Toddler	Pre-school	Primary School	Secondary
			3g	5g	(5-10yr) <b>10g</b>	(10-18yr) <b>15g</b>
	Lift® glucose chewable	3.7g per tablet	-	-	3	4
l	Lucozade Energy ®tablets	3g per tablet	-	-	3	5
	Dextrose /Glucose tablet e.g. Dextro® Energy	3.3g per tablet	-	-	3	5
	Lucozade® Energy Orange (contains caffeine)	8.4g per 100ml	-	-	120ml	180ml
	Lift® liquid glucose shot	15g per 60ml bottle	12ml	20ml	40ml	60ml
	Dextrose /glucose powder	91g carb /100g powder	4g + water	6g + water	11g +water	17g +water
	Glucose 40% oral gel e.g. <b>Glucogel®</b>	10g per tube	1/3 of a tube	Half a tube	One tube	1.5 tubes

## **CONTACT DETAILS**

Mon-Fri 9am—5pm: Paediatric diabetes team office 01225 825331 | Out-of-hours: Paediatric registrar on-call via the RUH Switchboard: 01225 428331 In an emergency you may need to call an ambulance 999

If exercise, alcohol or an excess of insulin are likely to be the cause of hypoglycaemia (hypo) a carbohydrate snack \* without insulin may be needed once a hypo is treated to prevent a further hypo. Please refer to exercise or alcohol advice.

\*The carbohydrate snack is given after glucose has risen above 4mmol/L and is the same amount as hypo treatment i.e. 3-15g for example fruit, cereal bar, yoghurt, bread, crackers. A larger 40g carbohydrate snack may be needed if alcohol has been consumed.

It is important to understand why hypos are happening, particularly if they are more than once a day, overnight, or at a regular time of day. Please contact Diabetes Team to discuss insulin dose changes.



If alerted to a sensor glucose level below 4mmol/L when eating a meal. No hypo treatment is usually required.

However if symptomatic or glucose below 3.5mmol/l with a downward arrow when eating, usual glucose treatment can be considered.