Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery (OMFS)

OMFS at the RUH NHS Foundation Trust is a consultant led service and accepts the following referrals:

- Head and neck cancer
- Cutaneous malignancy head and neck lumps
- Salivary gland disorders
- Correction of facial deformity
- Facial trauma surgery
- Oral and dentoalveolar surgery
- Temporomandibular disorder

Further guidance is available from the Royal College of Surgeons: www.rcseng.ac.uk/ Guidance is available for managing patients who are taking warfarin and undergoing dental treatment at:

www.nrls.npsa.nhs.uk/EasySiteWeb/getresource.axd?AssetID=60028&.

Patients who are not accepted for treatment include:

Conditions that should be treated in primary care by the referring dentist, namely:

- Routine extractions within the scope of a suitably qualified dentist
- Patients taking warfarin with INR < 3.5 to <4.0 for routine exodontia within the scope of a suitably qualified dentist
- Referrals for the initial management of periapical pathology should be directed to a restorative dentist in the first instance

Referrals will only be accepted on one of the following condition specific referral proforma, with the following information included:

1. Head and Neck Cancer Referral Form

In the case of suspected head and neck cancer please use the Head and Neck Cancer referral form http://www.ruh.nhs.uk/For_Clinicians/departments_ruh/oncology_services/documents/referral_forms/Head Neck Cancer 2ww Proforma.pdf

2. Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery Referral Form

Within the form please include:

- Details of the presenting complaint.
- Details of whether or not the patient is suitable for a local anaesthesia.
- Wherever appropriate a radiograph of diagnostically acceptable quality. A reason must be given if a radiograph is not included with the referral.

3. Oral Surgery Referral Form (excluding removal/management of third molars and TMD)

Within the form please include:

- The procedure required *e.g.* extraction(s), expose & bond along with the justification e.g. caries, ectopic position etc.
- If the request is for the extraction of retained roots then the reason for the referral should be provided, such as:
 - removal of the root is difficult e.g. because of proximity to the inferior dental nerve
 - there have been previous attempts at extraction in dental practice which have failed
 - > the patient has had radiotherapy to the head and neck.
- Details of whether or not the patient is suitable for a local anaesthesia.

- Wherever possible a radiograph of diagnostically acceptable quality for any fully or partially
 erupted tooth should be included. A reason must be given if a radiograph is not included
 with the referral.
- If the treatment required does not fit into any of the listed categories then please detail in the box provided.

4. Extraction/Management of Third Molars Form

Specific information should be included in the referral, in particular describing how the extraction of the third molar(s)/ wisdom teeth complies with the management guidelines published by one of the following:

- Scottish Intercollegiate Guidelines Network: www.sign.ac.uk/guidelines/fulltext/43/index.html
- Royal College of Surgeons of England: www.rcseng.ac.uk/fds/publications-clinical-guidelines/clinical-guidelines/documents/ncg97.pdf

5. Temporomandibular Disorders (TMD) Form

Accepted referral conditions

The majority of patients with TMD can effectively be diagnosed and managed by the general dentist using straightforward conservative measures such as a combination of explanation, reassurance, remedial jaw exercises and a soft splint. There is now clear evidence that this helps ease the patient's anxieties during subsequent management.

Advice on diagnosis, patient explanation and jaw exercise sheets can be downloaded from: www.ncl.ac.uk/dental/AppliedOcclusion

These measures should be tried before considering a referral. This is because many patients will be readily responsive to treatment and the symptoms may be self-limiting. In the absence of potential dental problems or any evidence provisionally suggesting TMD, patients with chronic facial pain may be referred.

Patients with TMD are accepted with the following conditions:

- Unsuccessful treatment.
- Chronic facial pain.
- Psychological distress.
- Occlusal preoccupation.
- Disc displacement without reduction (closed lock).

Patients will not be accepted for TMD treatment if the following criteria have not been satisfied/completed:

Patients where the condition has not been initially managed by their dentist.